Numb. 12098.

The London Gazette.

Published by Authority.

From Tuesday July 4, to Saturday July 8, 1780.

Weſtminſter, July 5.

THIS Day, the Lords being met, a Meſſage was ſent to the Honourable Houſe of Commons by Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, acquainting them that *the Lords, authorized by Virtue of His Majeſty's Commiſſion, for declaring His Royal Aſſent to ſeveral Acts agreed upon by both Houſes, do deſire the immediate Attendance of this Honourable Houſe in the Houſe of Peers, to hear the Commiſſion read*; and the Commons being come thither, the ſaid Commiſſion, impowering the Lord Archbiſhop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great-Britain, the Lord Preſident of the Council, and ſeveral other Lords therein mentioned, to declare and notify the Royal Aſſent to the ſaid Acts, was read accordingly, and the Royal Aſſent given to

An Act for enabling His Majeſty to raiſe the Sum of One Million, for the Uſes and Purpoſes therein mentioned.

An Act for granting to His Majeſty a certain Sum of Money out of the Sinking Fund; and for applying certain Monies, therein mentioned, for the Service of the Year One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty; and for further appropriating the Supplies granted in this Seſſion of Parliament.

An Act for appointing and enabling Commiſſioners to examine, take, and ſtate the Public Accounts of the Kingdom, and to report what Balances are in the Hands of Accountants, which may be applied to the Public Service, and what Defects there are in the preſent Mode of receiving, collecting, iſſuing, and accounting for Public Money, and in what more expeditious and effectual and leſs expenſive Manner the ſaid Services can in future be regulated and carried on for the Benefit of the Public.

An Act to indemnify ſuch Perſons as have acted in the Suppreſſion of the late Riots and Tumults in and about the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and for the Preſervation of the Public Peace.

Weſtminſter, July 8.

THIS Day His Majeſty came to the Houſe of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes ſeated on the Throne with the uſual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Knight, Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from His Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majeſty was pleaſed to give the Royal Aſſent to

An Act to prevent any Miſchief or Inconvenience which may ariſe to the Sheriffs, Gaolers, Suitors, Priſoners, or others, by the Priſoners in the ſeveral Gaols in the Counties of Middleſex and Surrey, and the City of London, having been ſet at Liberty during the late Tumults and Inſurrections.

After which His Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following Moſt Gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT gives Me great Satisfaction to find Myſelf able to determine this long Seſſion of Parliament, that you may be at Liberty to return to your ſeveral Countries, and attend to your Private Affairs, after ſo laborious a Diſcharge of your Duty in the Public Service; and I take this Occaſion to expreſs My ſincere Acknowledgement for the freſh Proofs you have given Me of your affectionate Zeal for the Supp rt of My Government, and of your juſt Eſtimation of the real and permanent Intereſts of your Country.

Your Magnanimity and Perſeverance in the Proſecution of this juſt and neceſſary War have enabled Me to make ſuch Exertions as will, I truſt, by the Aſſiſtance of Divine Providence, diſappoint the violent and unjuſt Deſigns of My Enemies, and bring them to liſten to equitable and honorable Terms of Peace.

Theſe Exertions have already been attended with Succeſs by Sea and Land; and the late important and proſperous Turn of Affairs in North America affords the faireſt Proſpect of the returning Loyalty and Affection of My Subjects in the Colonies, and of their happy Re-union with their Parent Country.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I feel Myſelf under particular Obligations to thank you for the large and ample Supplies you have ſo chearfully granted, and for the Confidence y ou repoſe in Me. No Attention ſhall be wanting, n My Part, to render them effectual, and to ſee them faithfully applied.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

Let Me earneſtly recommend to you to aſſiſt Me, by your Influence and Authority in your ſeveral Counties, as you have by your unanimous Support in Parliament, in guarding the Peace of the Kingdom from future Diſturbances, and watching over the Preſervation of the Public Safety. Make My People ſenſible of the Happineſs they enjoy, and the diſtinguiſhed Advantages they derive, from Our excellent Conſtitution in Church and State. Warn them of the Hazard of Innovation—Point out to them the fatal Conſequences of ſuch Commotions as have lately been excited; and let it be your Care to impreſs on their Minds this important Truth, That Rebellious Inſurrections to reſiſt or to reform the Laws, muſt end either in the Deſtruction of the Perſons who make the Attempt, or in the Subverſion of our free and happy Conſtitution.

Then the Lord Chancellor, by His Majeſty's Command, ſaid,

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

IT is His Majeſty's Royal Will and Pleaſure, That this Parliament be prorogued to Thurſday the 24th Day of Auguſt next, to be then here holden; and this Parliament is accordingly prorogued to Thurſday the 24th Day of Auguſt next.

St. James's, July 8.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Coventry, has been preſented to His Majeſty by John Kirkman, Eſq; one of the Aldermen of the City of London, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bedcham-

ber

ber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Commonalty of the City of Coventry.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

IMPRESSED with the warmeſt Senſe of your Majeſty's Paternal Goodneſs, we humbly beg Leave to lay before your Majeſty the Addreſs of a faithful and loyal People, and to teſtify our Attachment to your Majeſty's illuſtrious Family, the Honor of your Crown, and the Dignity of your Empire. We eſteem it eſſentially our Duty at a Time when the Metropolis has been ſo lately and ſo violently convulſed by Riots and Outrages of a moſt alarming Nature, to expreſs our Gratitude and Thankfulneſs to your Majeſty for the wiſe and ſalutary Meaſures which have been taken to ſuppreſs theſe Diſturbances, and which have, we truſt, effectually re-eſtabliſhed public Order and Tranquility.

With Sentiments full of Duty and Affection to your Majeſty's Perſon and Family, we beg Leave humbly to aſſure your Majeſty, that we will in our ſeveral Stations, both as Magiſtrates and private Men, exert ourſelves at all Times in the Preſervation of public Order and good Government, and in effectuating at this Time more particularly the great Object of your Majeſty's Royal Proclamations. We are too ſenſible of the Value and Excellence of our happy Conſtitution, and how much we owe to your Majeſty's Paternal Care and Affection for your People, not to be ſolicitous to reſtrain, by every Means which God and the Laws have put into our Power, a Spirit of Sedition and Tumult, as tending to the Subverſion of all Law and Government, and to involve all Orders of Men in Anarchy and Confuſion.

We beg Leave to aſſure your Majeſty of our moſt ſincere and ſteady Attachment to your Royal Perſon, and that we may be permitted to lay at your Majeſty's Feet our warmeſt Congratulations upon the late ſignal Succeſſes of your Majeſty's Arms, which we pray to God may be productive of, what we are ſure is ever your Majeſty's ardent Deſire, a happy Termination of all the Calamities of War, in a ſafe, honourable, and laſting Peace.

Given under our Common Seal, at the Guild-hall of the ſaid City, the 4th Day of July, in the Year of our Lord, 1780.

The following Addreſs of the Mayor, Bailiffs, and Burgeſſes of the Borough of Leiceſter, has been preſented to His Majeſty by John Darker, Eſq; one of the Repreſentatives in Parliament for the ſaid Town, being introduced by the Lord of His Majeſty's Bedchamber in Waiting: Which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty.

WE your Majeſty's loyal and affectionate Subjects, the Mayor, Bailiffs and Burgeſſes of the antient Borough of Leiceſter, glad of every Opportunity of teſtifying our ſincere and zealous Attachment to your Majeſty's Perſon and Government, beg Leave to approach the Throne, and expreſs the Joy we have received from the late Succeſſes of your Majeſty's Arms, both by Sea and Land.

We have beheld with Indignation the Perfidy of the Houſe of Bourbon, who, contrary to every Principle of Juſtice, have baſely encouraged and ſtrengthened America in her ungrateful and unparallelled Rebellion. We had no Doubt, but, by the Bleſſing of a gracious Providence upon your Majeſty's Fleets and Armies, you would ſoon have the Happineſs to ſee them juſtly puniſhed for their Perfidy, and your Subjects again united and eſtabliſhed in a permanent and honourable Peace.

We now hope that Period is not far diſtant; and ſincerely congratulate your Majeſty on the pleaſing Proſpect, which the late Victory over the Spaniſh Fleet and the Conqueſt of Charles Town give us. We are happy alſo in ſeeing ſo immediate and effectual a Stop put to the late alarming and dreadful Diſturbances in the Metropolis, and we thankfully acknowledge our great Obligations to the Vigilance and Activity of your Majeſty's Council.

Confident that you, Sire, are uniformly ſtudying, and will eſteem it the chief Glory of your Reign to ſecure and perpetuate to all your Subjects the Privileges of our happy Conſtitution, we hope your Majeſty will long be preſerved to reign over us, and, at once, maintain the Honour of your Crown and the deareſt Liberties of your People.

Given under our Common Seal, this Fourth Day of July, One Thouſand Seven Hundred and Eighty. *John Gregory*, Mayor.

Copy of a Letter from General Sir Henry Clinton, K. B. to Lord George Germain, dated Head Quarters, Charles Town, South Carolina, June 3, 1780.

My LORD,

I HAVE the Honor to incloſe, for your Lordſhip's Information, the Copies of two Proclamations I have found it neceſſary to iſſue as Commander in Chief, and the Copy of a Hand-Bill which has been circulated amongſt the Inhabitants, and appears to have had a very good Effect.

I have the Honor to be, &c.

H. CLINTON.

Hand-Bill iſſued after the Surrender of Charles Town.

WHEN the Royal Army arrived in South Carolina, the Commander in Chief avoided, as much as poſſible, every Meaſure which might excite the Loyal Inhabitants to riſe in Favor of Government, and thus bring Danger and Trouble upon themſelves, at a Time when the King's Army, being employed in the Reduction of Charles Town, could not aſſiſt or ſecond their Struggles.

The Blood of the Loyaliſts that had been unhappily ſhed, and the Severities which had been inflicted on them by the Rebels, in conſequence of the former ſpirited but ill-timed Inſurrections of the King's numerous Friends on the Back of both Carolinas, had already occaſioned too much Grief and Regret to His Majeſty and their Fellow Subjects in Europe, for him wantonly to bring again into Hazard the Lives and Happineſs of Men who deſerve ſo well of their Country.

But Charles Town with it's Harbour, and Fort Moultrie, being now reduced, and their Garriſons, to the Amount of 6,000 Men, with all their Arms, Stores, Artillery, and Ships of War, being in Poſſeſſion of His Majeſty's Forces, the Time is come when it is equally the Intereſt and Duty of every good Man to be in Readineſs to join the King's Troops, and aſſiſt them in eſtabliſhing Juſtice and Liberty, and in reſtoring and ſecuring their own Property, whenever they ſhall march to ſupport them againſt the ſmall Rebel Parties that ſtill linger at a Diſtance in the Province.

After ſo much Diſorder, Violence and Oppreſſion, the Helping-Hand of every Man is wanted to reeſtabliſh Peace and Good Government; and as the Commander in Chief wiſhed not to draw the King's Friends

Friends into Danger, when any Doubt could remain of their Succeſs; ſo now, that that is certain, he truſts that One and All will heartily join, and, by a general Concurrence, give Effect to ſuch neceſſary Meaſures for that Purpoſe as, from Time to Time, may be pointed out to them. And they may reſt aſſured, that every Means will be uſed to avoid giving them any Trouble that may not be neceſſary to ſecure to them Peace, Liberty, and Proſperity.

In order to attain theſe happy Ends, it is the Duty of all Men, who wiſh well to themſelves and their Country, to be ready at a Moment, with their Arms, to regain their juſt Rights, and ſupport the free Conſtitution of their Forefathers, under which we all encreaſed and proſpered.

Thoſe who have Families will form a Militia to remain at Home, and occaſionally to aſſemble in their own Diſtricts, when required, under Officers of their own chuſing, for the Maintenance of Peace and good Order. Thoſe who have no Families, and can conveniently be ſpared for a Time, it is hoped will chearfully aſſiſt His Majeſty's Troops in driving their Rebel Oppreſſors, and all the Miſeries of War, far from the Province.

For this Purpoſe it is neceſſary that the young Men be ready to aſſemble when required, and ſerve with the King's Troops for any Six Months of the enſuing Twelve that may be found requiſite, under proper Regulations. They may chooſe Officers to each Company to command them, and will be allowed, when on Service, Pay, Ammunition, and Proviſions, in the ſame Manner as the Troops. When they join the Army, each Man will be furniſhed with a Certificate, declaring, that he is only engaged to ſerve as a Militia Man for the Time ſpecified; that he is not to be marched beyond North Carolina and Georgia, and that when the Time is out, he is freed from all Claims whatever of Military Service, except the common and uſual Militia Duty where he lives.

He will then have paid his Debt to his Country, and be entitled to enjoy undiſturbed that Peace, Liberty and Property at Home, which he had contributed to ſecure.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

By his Excellency Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Moſt Honorable Order of the Bath, General and Commander in Chief of all His Majeſty's Forces within the Colonies lying on the Atlantick Ocean, from Nova Scotia to Weſt Florida incluſive.

PROCLAMATION.

WHereas notwithſtanding the gracious Offers, which have been made to receive to His Majeſty's Peace and Protection, with Pardon and Oblivion for their paſt Offences, all thoſe his deluded and infatuated Subjects, who ſhould return to their Duty and a due Obedience to the Laws; yet there are ſome wicked and deſperate Men, who, regardleſs of the Ruin and Miſery in which the Country will be involved, are ſtill endeavouring to ſupport the Flame of Rebellion, and, under Pretence of Authority derived from the late uſurped Legiſlatures, are attempting by enormous Fines, grievous Impriſonments, and ſanguinary Puniſhments, to compel His Majeſty's faithful and unwilling Subjects to take up Arms againſt His Authority and Government; and it is therefore become neceſſary, as well for the Protection of the loyal Subjects, as to procure the Eſtabliſhment of Peace and good Government in the Country, to prevent, by the Terror of Example, ſuch enormous Offences being committed in Future; I have therefore thought fit to iſſue this my Proclamation to declare, that if any Perſon ſhall hereafter appear in Arms in order to prevent the Eſtabliſhment of His Majeſty's Government in this Country, or ſhall, under any Pretence or Authority whatſoever, attempt to compel any other Perſon or Perſons to do ſo, or who ſhall hinder or intimidate, or attempt to hinder or intimidate, the King's faithful and loyal Subjects from joining His Forces, or otherwiſe performing thoſe Duties their Allegiance requires, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſo offending ſhall be treated with that Severity ſo hardened and criminal an Obſtinacy will deſerve, and his or their Eſtates will be immediately ſeized in order to be confiſcated. And for the Encouragement of the King's faithful and peaceable Subjects, I do again aſſure them, that they ſhall meet with effectual Countenance, Protection and Support; and whenever the Situation of the Country will permit of the Reſtoration of Civil Government and Peace, they will, by the Commiſſioners appointed by His Majeſty for that Purpoſe, be reſtored to the full Poſſeſſion of that Liberty in their Perſons and Property, which they had before experienced under the Britiſh Government. And that ſo deſireable an Event may be the more ſpeedily accompliſhed, I do hereby, in His Majeſty's Name, require and command all Perſons whatever to be aiding and aſſiſting to His Forces, whenever they ſhall be required, in order to extirpate the Rebellion, and thereby reſtore Peace and Proſperity to this, at preſent, deſolated and diſtracted Country.

Given under my Hand, at Head Quarters in Charles Town, the 22d Day of May, 1780.

(Signed) H. CLINTON.

By His Excellency's Command,

(Signed) *Nathaniel Phillips*,
Aſſiſting Secretary.

[COPY.]

SOUTH CAROLINA.

By his Excellency Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Moſt Honourable Order of the Bath, General and Commander in Chief of all His Majeſty's Forces within the Colonies lying on the Atlantic Ocean, from Nova Scotia to Weſt Florida incluſive, &c. &c &c.

PROCLAMATION.

WHereas after the Arrival of His Majeſty's Forces under my Command in this Province in February laſt, Numbers of Perſons were made Priſoners by the Army, or voluntarily ſurrendered themſelves as ſuch, and ſuch Perſons were afterwards diſmiſſed on their reſpective Paroles: And whereas ſince the Surrender of Charles Town, and the Defeats and Diſperſion of the Rebel Forces, it is become unneceſſary that ſuch Paroles ſhould be any longer obſerved; and it is fit and proper that all Perſons ſhould take an active Part in ſettling and ſecuring His Majeſty's Government, and delivering the Country from that Anarchy which for ſome Time paſt hath prevailed; I do therefore iſſue this my Proclamation to declare, that all the Inhabitants of this Province who are now Priſoners upon Parole and were not in the Military Line, (thoſe who were in Fort Moultrie and Charles Town at the Times of their Capitulation and Surrender, or were then in actual Confinement, excepted) that from and after the Twentieth Day of June inſtant, they are freed and exempted from all ſuch Paroles, and may hold themſelves as reſtored to all the Rights and Duties belonging to Citizens and Inhabitants. And all Perſons under the Deſcription before mentioned, who ſhall afterwards neglect to return to their Allegiance, and to His Majeſty's Government, will be conſidered

conſidered as Enemies and Rebels to the ſame, and treated accordingly.

Given under my Hand, at Head Quarters in Charles Town, the 3d Day of June, 1780, and in the Twentieth Year of His Majeſty's Reign.

(Signed) H. CLINTON.

By his Excellency's Command,
(Signed) *Peter Ruſſel*, Aſſiſt. Sec.

To their Excellencies Sir Henry Clinton, Knight of the Bath, General of His Majeſty's Forces, and Mariot Arbuthnot, Eſq; Vice-Admiral of the Blue, His Majeſty's Commiſſioners to reſtore Peace and good Government in the ſeveral Colonies in Rebellion in North America,

The humble Addreſs of divers Inhabitants of Charles Town.

THE Inhabitants of Charles Town, by the Articles of Capitulation, are declared Priſoners on Parole; but we the Underwritten, having every Inducement to return to our Allegiance, and ardently hoping ſpeedily to be re-admitted to the Character and Condition of Britiſh Subjects, take this Opportunity of tendering to your Excellencies our warmeſt Congratulations on the Reſtoration of this Capital and Province to their Political Connexion with the Crown and Government of Great Britain; an Event which will add Luſtre to your Excellencies Characters, and, we truſt, entitle you to the moſt diſtinguiſhing Marks of the Royal Favour.

Although the Right of taxing America in Parliament, excited conſiderable Ferments in the Minds of the People of this Province, yet it may with a religious Adherence to Truth be affirmed, that they did not entertain the moſt diſtant Thought of diſſolving the Union that ſo happily ſubſiſted between them and their Parent Country; and when, in the Progreſs of that fatal Controverſy, the Doctrine of Dependency (which originated in the more Northern Colonies) made its Appearance among us, our Natures revolted at the Idea, and we look back with the moſt painful Regret on thoſe Convulſions that gave Exiſtence to a Power of ſubverting a Conſtitution, for which we always had, and ever ſhall retain, the moſt profound Veneration, and ſubſtituting in its Stead a rank Democracy, which however carefully digeſted in Theory, on being reduced into Practice has exhibited a Syſtem of Tyrannic Domination, only to be found among the uncivilized Part of Mankind, or in the Hiſtory of the dark and barbarous Ages of Antiquity.

We ſincerely lament, that after the Repeal of thoſe Statutes, which gave Riſe to the Troubles in America, the Overtures made by His Majeſty's Commiſſioners, from Time to Time, were not regarded by our late Rulers. To this fatal Inattention are to be attributed thoſe Calamities, which have involved our Country in a State of Miſery and Ruin, from which, however, we truſt it will ſoon emerge, by the Wiſdom and Clemency of His Majeſty's auſpicious Government, and the Influence of prudential Laws, adapted to the Nature of the Evils we labour under; and that the People will be reſtored to thoſe Privileges, in the Enjoyment whereof their former Felicity conſiſted.

Animated with theſe Hopes, we intreat your Excellencies Interpoſition in aſſuring His Majeſty, that we ſhall glory in every Occaſion of manifeſting that Zeal and Affection for His Perſon and Government, with which Gratitude can inſpire a free and joyful People.

Charles Town, June 5, 1780.

[Signed by 210 of the Principal Inhabitants.]

Admiralty-Office, July 8, 1780.

THE following is a Copy of the Articles of Capitulation on the Surrender of Fort Moultrie, referred to in, but which were omitted to be ſent with, Vice-Admiral Arbuthnot's Letter of the 14th of May laſt, publiſhed in the Gazette Extraordinary of the 15th of laſt Month.

Articles of Capitulation, agreed on between Captain Charles Hudſon, Commander of His Majeſty's Ship the Richmond, and Lieutenant Colonel Scott, Commandant of Fort Moultrie, on the Surrender of that Fort and its Dependencies, May 7, 1780.

Article I.

THAT the Troops in Garriſon ſhall be allowed to march out with the uſual Honors of War, and to pile their Arms outſide of the Gate.

Article II. That all the Officers in Garriſon, as well Continental as Militia, and the Non-commiſſioned Officers and Privates of the Militia, ſhall be conſidered as Priſoners at War at large on their Parole, until exchanged; and be allowed, in the mean Time, to reſide with their Families and Friends, Charles Town excepted, as it is at preſent under Siege.

Article III. That the Continental and Militia Officers be permitted to wear their Side Arms.

Article IV. That the Slaves and other Property of every Individual in Garriſon be ſecured to their reſpective Owners: That all ſuch Slaves in Garriſon, belonging to Perſons out of it, be ſecured to their reſpective Owners in ſuch Manner as may be agreed upon between Captain Hudſon and the Commanding Officer of the Fort.

Article V. All Property, Slaves, &c. to be ſecured to each Individual of the Garriſon; ſuch as is lodged in the Fort, for Security or otherwiſe, belonging to Individuals, not of the Garriſon, to be delivered up.

Article VI. That the Sick have every neceſſary Accommodation, and all the Continental private Soldiers be treated in a humane Manner, and not rigorouſly confined, every Humanity to be ſhewn to both Sick and Well.

Article VII. The Fort, Artillery, Arms, Ammunition and Stores, of all Kinds, to be delivered up to ſuch Officers and Guard as Captain Hudſon ſhall think proper to ſend for the Purpoſe.

Article VIII. The Garriſon to march out of the Fort, and pile their Arms early this Morning, in Front of the Britiſh Forces, who will be drawn up before the Entrance of the Fort on the Occaſion.

Signed *Charles Hudſon.*
William Scott, Lieut. Col. 1ſt Reg. and Commandant of Fort Moultrie.

A Copy,
Mariot Arbuthnot.

St. James's, July 8.

The King has been pleaſed to preſent the Reverend Mr. Daniel Roſe, Preacher of the Goſpel, to the Church and Pariſh of Dingwall, in the Preſbytery of Dingwall and County of Roſs, vacant by the Death of Mr. Adam Roſe, late Miniſter thereof.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Mr. John Pringle, Advocate, to be Sheriff Depute of the Shires or Sheriffdoms of Stirling and Clackmannan, in the Room of Mr. Alexander Abercromby, who has reſigned.

Naples, May 30. Their Sicilian Majeſties and the whole Court returned to this Capital on Saturday laſt.

The King has appointed the Marquis de Caracioli to be Vice-Roy of Sicily.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHereas a great Number of diſorderly Perſons have for ſeveral Days paſt aſſembled themſelves together, in a Riotous and Tumultuous Manner, and have been guilty of many Acts of Treaſon, Rebellion, and Felony, having formed Deſigns to break open and deſtroy the Gaols and Priſons, and to ſet looſe the Priſoners confined therein, and having actually broke into and ſet on Fire the Gaol of Newgate, the King's Bench Priſon, and the Priſon of the Fleet, and releaſed the Priſoners, and made Attempts on other Gaols and Priſons in and about this Metropolis; and having ſet Fire to and pulled down the Dwelling-houſes of divers of Our peaceable Subjects, and alſo ſet Fire to, burnt and deſtroyed the Materials thereof, and the Furniture and other Effects found therein; and alſo taken Money from divers of Our Subjects: We therefore, taking the ſame into Our moſt ſerious Conſideration, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publiſh and declare Our Reſolution, That the Authors, Abettors, and Perpetrators of the ſaid Offences be proſecuted as expeditiouſly as may be, according to the due Courſe of Law; and we do hereby enjoin and require all Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Conſtables, and all other Our loving Subjects, to be aiding and aſſiſting to the utmoſt of their Power, in detecting, apprehending and bringing to Juſtice the ſaid Offenders. And We are graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe, that if any Perſon ſhall diſcover any other Perſon or Perſons who are guilty of any of the ſaid Offences, ſo as that the Perſon or Perſons diſcovered may be proſecuted for the ſame, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have and receive, as a Reward, upon Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, the Sum of FIFTY POUNDS, and alſo Our Gracious Pardon for the ſaid Offence, in Caſe the Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery ſhall himſelf be liable to be proſecuted for the ſame; and the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Treaſurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment accordingly of the ſaid Rewards.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, the Ninth Day of June, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,
A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS Information has been received, that the late Riots and Tumults in and about this Metropolis were encouraged and abetted by Money, or other Rewards, given, or promiſed to be given, to the Perſons concerned therein; and alſo Bells, Flags, and other Signals and Devices, were uſed during the ſaid Riots and Tumults, to direct the Rioters in their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, and to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to ſuppreſs, reſiſt, or interrupt the ſame: We therefore, taking the ſame into Our moſt ſerious Conſideration, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, in order to detect and bring to Juſtice the Perſons guilty of any of the Criminal Acts above mentioned, are graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe, That if any Perſon ſhall diſcover any other Perſon or Perſons, who by themſelves, or their Agents, gave or offered, or promiſed to give, any Money, or other Reward, to any Perſon or Perſons, to engage or continue in the ſaid Riots or Tumults, or to do or aſſiſt in any of the Criminal Acts committed during the Continuance of the ſaid Riots and Tumults, or who made uſe of any Bells, Flags, or other Signals or Devices, to direct the Rioters in any of their Criminal Acts and Proceedings, or to give Notice of Attempts or Preparations to ſuppreſs, reſiſt, or interrupt the ſame, ſo as that the Perſon or Perſons diſcovered may be proſecuted, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have and receive as a Reward, upon Conviction of ſuch Offender or Offenders, the Sum of ONE HUNDRED POUNDS; and the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Treaſurer of Our Exchequer are hereby required to make Payment thereof accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's*, the Twenty-firſt Day of *June*, One thouſand ſeven hundred and eighty, in the Twentieth Year of Our Reign.

GOD ſave the KING.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 21ſt of *June*, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 25th Day of October, 1776, to promiſe and declare, That the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and of Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majeſty's Service, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to every ſuch Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty, nor under the Age of Eighteen Years, who ſhould, on or before the 31ſt of December then following, enter themſelves to ſerve in His Majeſty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majeſty's Ships, or the Chief Officers on Board ſuch Tenders as ſhould be employed for raiſing Men for the Service of the Royal Navy: And whereas His Majeſty was alſo pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 8th Day of November, 1776, to promiſe and declare, That a Reward of Two Pounds for every Able, and Thirty Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed, to any Perſon who ſhould diſcover any Seaman or Seamen who might ſecrete themſelves, that ſo ſuch Seaman or Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's ſaid Service, by any of His Majeſty's Sea-Officers employed for raiſing Men, on or before the 31ſt Day of December, 1776: And whereas His Majeſty was likewiſe pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the 15th Day of Auguſt, 1777, to promiſe and declare, That every Able-bodied Landman, not above the Age of Thirty-five, nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who ſhould voluntarily enter himſelf to ſerve on Board any of His Majeſty's Ships, on or before the 31ſt Day of October then next, ſhould receive, as of His Majeſty's Royal Bounty, the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, to be paid in Manner thereby directed: And whereas the Time limited by the ſaid Proclamations, for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards, hath been prolonged and extended to the 30th Day of this inſtant June; and it being judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service that the ſaid Bounties and Rewards ſhould be continued to be paid for ſome Time longer, His Majeſty, with the Advice of His Privy

Privy-Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Rewards be prolonged and extended from the ſaid 30th Day of this inſtant June to the 30th Day of September next, inclusive.——Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

W. Fawkener.

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN,

From June 26, to July 1, 1780.

By the Standard WINCHESTER Buſhel of Eight Gallons.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
London,	4	6	2	1	2	0	1	9	2	1
COUNTIES INLAND.										
Middleſex,	4	5	——		2	5	2	1	2	7
Surry,	4	6	2	9	2	2	2	0	3	1
Hertford,	4	2	——		2	4	2	0	3	2
Bedford,	4	2	2	5	2	2	1	9	2	8
Cambridge,	3	11	2	1	——		1	7	2	5
Huntingdon,	3	11	——		2	2	1	7	2	7
Northampton,	4	2	2	2	1	11	1	6	2	6
Rutland,	4	3	——		2	1	1	7	3	0
Leiceſter,	4	3	2	7	2	0	1	5	2	6
Nottingham,	4	6	3	1	2	0	1	9	2	6
Derby,	4	11	——		——		1	9	2	11
Stafford,	5	1	——		——		1	9	2	10
Salop,	4	5	3	1	2	1	1	7	2	6
Hereford,	4	9	——		——		1	8	——	
Worceſter,	4	4	——		——		1	9	2	8
Warwick,	4	4	——		2	4	1	8	2	8
Glouceſter,	4	0	——		1	9	2	0	3	1
Wilts,	4	4	——		2	1	1	8	3	3
Berks,	4	2	——		1	10	1	8	2	6
Oxford,	4	1	——		1	11	1	7	2	7
Bucks,	4	1	——		2	2	1	9	2	6
COUNTIES upon the COAST.										
Eſſex,	3	11	——		1	11	1	8	2	7
Suffolk,	3	10	2	0	1	11	1	8	2	5
Norfolk,	3	9	1	8	1	9	1	7	2	3
Lincoln,	4	0	2	5	1	9	1	5	2	5
York,	4	9	2	10	2	2	1	8	2	8
Durham,	5	3	3	6	——		1	10	3	4
Northumberland,	4	11	3	2	2	2	1	7	2	8
Cumberland,	4	11	3	4	2	0	1	5	2	10
Weſtmorland,	5	6	3	3	——		1	7	2	9
Lancaſhire,	5	5	——		——		1	8	3	1
Cheſhire,	5	5	3	9	2	8	1	6	——	
Monmouth,	5	1	——		2	3	1	8	——	
Somerſet,	4	10	——		2	2	1	9	2	6
Devon,	4	9	——		2	1	1	5	——	
Cornwall,	4	9	——		1	11	1	3	——	
Dorſet,	4	7	——		2	3	1	9	3	2
Hampſhire,	4	3	——		2	1	1	9	3	0
Suſſex,	4	5	——		2	2	1	8	3	2
Kent,	4	2	——		2	2	1	10	2	3

From June 19, to June 23, 1780.

WALES.

North Wales,	4	11	3	7	2	1	1	3	3	5
South Wales,	4	2	2	10	1	11	1	1	2	3

Part of SCOTLAND.

Wheat.	Rye.	Barley.		Oats.		Beans.	Big.	
——	——	1	11	1	6	——	2	0

Publiſhed by Authority of Parliament,

John James Catherwood.

St. James's, June 27, 1780.

WHEREAS it has been humbly repreſented to the King, that Four Promiſſory Notes for Five Pounds each, purporting to be the Notes of the Sunderland Bank, have lately been preſented for Payment at the ſaid Bank, which Notes appear to have been forged by ſome Perſon or Perſons unknown:

His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in the ſaid Forgery, or offering the ſaid Notes in Payment, is hereby pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, (the actual Forger or Forgers excepted) who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

STORMONT.

St. James's, June 27, 1780.

WHereas it has been humbly repreſented to the King, That in the Morning of Tueſday the 20th Inſtant an anonymous Threatening Letter was found upon a Bench in the Market-Place adjoining to the Houſe of John Everitt, Eſq; at Hitchin in Hertfordſhire, of which the following is a Copy, viz.

Mr. Everitt

This is to inform you, that if you intend (as I have heard you do) to proſecute any one for breakeing your Windows that not only your Windows but your Houſe ſhall be totally Demoliſhed within a few Days of the Proſecution.

am

Superſcribed, No Exciſeman
Mr. Everitt nor Hatter.
Hitchin
Herts.

His Majeſty, for the better diſcovering and bringing to Juſtice the Perſon or Perſons concerned in writing or dropping the ſaid Letter, is hereby pleaſed to promiſe His moſt gracious Pardon to any one of them, (except the Perſon who actually wrote the ſame) who ſhall diſcover his or her Accomplice or Accomplices therein, ſo that he, ſhe, or they, may be apprehended and convicted thereof.

STORMONT.

And, as a farther Encouragement, the ſaid John Everitt, Eſq; doth hereby promiſe a Reward of ONE HUNDRED GUINEAS to any Perſon making ſuch Diſcovery as aforeſaid, (except as before excepted) to be paid by him, at his Houſe in Hitchin aforeſaid, upon the Conviction of any one or more of the Offenders.

John Everitt.

General Poſt-Office, June 27, 1780.

THE Poſt-Boy bringing the Mail from Stevenage to Welwyn Yeſterday Evening, the 26th Inſtant, was robbed of the Mail, containing the Bags with the Letters from Biggleſwade, Hitchin, and Stevenage, for London, by a Footpad, about a Mile from Welwyn.

He is deſcribed to be about Five Feet Six Inches high, dreſſed in a brown coloured Coat, light coloured Waiſtcoat, Breeches and Stockings, wore his own dark coloured Hair ſtraight, and a round Hat, and is ſuppoſed to have come to London immediately.

Whoever ſhall apprehend and convict, or cauſe to be apprehended and convicted, the Perſon who committed this Robbery, will be entitled to a Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, over and above the Reward given by Act of Parliament for apprehending Highwaymen; or if any Perſon, whether an Accomplice in the Robbery, or knowing thereof, ſhall make Diſcovery, whereby the Perſon who committed the ſame may be apprehended and brought to Juſtice, ſuch Diſcoverer will, upon Conviction of the Party, be entitled to the ſame Reward of TWO HUNDRED POUNDS, and will alſo receive His Majeſty's moſt gracious Pardon.

By Command of the Poſtmaſter-General,
Anthony Todd, *Sec.*

General Post-Office, June 29, 1780.

CHARLES Town in South Carolina being reſtored to the King's Poſſeſſion, the direct Intercourſe between Great Britain and the Southern Provinces of North America through that Town will be renewed, and a Packet will ſail every Month from Falmouth, as formerly. The firſt Mail will be diſpatched from this Office on the 5th of July next, being the Firſt Wedneſday in the Month.

By Command of the Poſt-maſter General,
Anth. Todd, *Sec.*

Exciſe Office, London, July 5, 1780.

FOR Sale, by Order of the Honourable the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Revenue of Exciſe, &c. at their Court Room in Old Broad-Street, London, on Thurſday the 27th and Friday the 28th of July, 1780, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon on each Day, Several Parcels of condemned Black and Green Tea, Coffee Raw and Roaſted, Chocolate, Cocoa Nuts, Brandy, Rum, and Geneva, &c.

Printed Catalogues of the Particulars thereof may be had at the ſaid Office on Saturday the 22d of July; and the Goods may be viewed there, and at the Warehouſe at Porters Key near the Cuſtom-Houſe, on Monday the 24th and Wedneſday the 26th of July, from Eight o'Clock in the Morning on each Day till Two in the Afternoon, and on the firſt Day of Sale 'till Twelve o'Clock.

South Sea Houſe, July 8, 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the South Sea Company give Notice, that a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at this Houſe, on Thurſday the 27th Inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, for the Purpoſe of declaring a Dividend on their Capital Stock, for the Half Year ending the 5th of this Month.

Pay-Office, Horſe Guards, July 7, 1780.

THE Right Hon. the Paymaſter General of His Majeſty's Forces having ordered Six Months Half-Pay to be iſſued to all the Reduced Officers of His Majeſty's Land Forces, from the 25th of December, 1779, to the 24th of June, 1780; alſo Six Months Allowance to the Officers and Private Gentlemen of His Majeſty's late Third and Fourth Troops of Horſe Guards to the ſame Time: Notice is hereby declared, that on Monday next the 10th Inſtant, Attendance will be given at the aboveſaid Office for Payment of the ſame accordingly.

Robert Randoll.

July 7, 1780.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majeſty's Ship Heart of Oak, who were actually on Board at taking the Danae French Frigate, a Brig (Name unknown) and the Maria Anne, on the 13th of May, 1779, (in Company with ſeveral other of His Majeſty's Ships) that they will be paid their reſpective Shares of the Produce of the ſaid Prizes, on Tueſday the 11th of July inſtant, at the Fountain Tavern, Plymouth Dock. The Shares not demanded at the Time of Payment on Board the ſaid Ship will be recalled, at the Fountain Tavern, Plymouth Dock, the Firſt Tueſday in every Month for Three Years from ſuch Time.

Broderick Hartwell, jun. *Agent.*

NOtice is hereby given, that the Copartnerſhip between Thomas Lancaſter and James Slade, of Bread-ſtreet, Haberdaſhers, was diſſolved by mutual Conſent the 24th of June laſt.

Tho. Lancaſter.
Ja. Slade.

London, July 5, 1780.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip between Thomas Goodall and William Curtis, under the Firm of Thomas Goodall and Co. of Winchester-yard, Dealers in Coals, Charcoal, &c. was mutually diſſolved on the 24th Day of June laſt. All Perſons who have any Demand upon the ſaid Partnerſhip are deſired to ſend the ſame to the ſaid Thomas Goodall, who continues to carry on the Buſineſs.

Tho. Goodall.
Wm. Curtis.

London, July 5, 1780.

THE Partnerſhip between Charles Wyatt and John Wyatt, of Saliſbury-ſtreet, London, Merchants, was by mutual Conſent diſſolved on the 30th of June laſt. The Buſineſs is continued by the ſaid John Wyatt, who is impowered to ſettle all Accounts reſpecting the ſaid Partnerſhip.

Cha. Wyatt.
John Wyatt.

Woolwich, Kent.

ALL Perſons Creditors of the late Abraham Stott, of Woolwich, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in their reſpective Demands to Mr. James Parſitt, of Woolwich aforeſaid, on or before the 20th Inſtant, otherwiſe they will be excluded any Benefit. They are further to take Notice, that a Dividend of the Aſſets of the ſaid Abraham Stott, deceaſed, in the Hands of the ſaid Mr. Parſitt, will be made on the 1ſt Day of Auguſt next enſuing.

To Creditors, &c.

ALL Perſons having any Claims or Demands on the Eſtate and Effects of Thomas Thomas, late of Fowey in the County of Cornwall, Gentleman, and formerly Purſer of His Majeſty's Ship Captain, deceaſed, are deſired to ſend in the ſame to James Sykes, of Crutched-friars, London, Eſq; on or before the 31ſt Day of Auguſt next; at which Time the Executor will cloſe his Accounts; and any Claims or Demands brought in after that Day will be precluded from any Benefit thereunder; And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate are deſired to pay the ſame to the ſaid James Sykes, or they will be ſued forthwith.

Cawthorne, June 27, 1780.

Creditors of the Rev. Mr. Bryan Allott, late of Kirkheaton, deceaſed, and of Mr. Valentine Henry Allott, (Second Son of the ſaid Rev. Mr. Allott) alſo deceaſed.

ALL Perſons to whom any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, now remain due and owing on Bond or Specialty, in which the ſaid Bryan Allott, on or before the 9th Day of June, 1770, ſtood indebted, either jointly or ſeverally; and all Perſons to whom any Debt or Debts, Sum or Sums of Money, now remain due and owing from the ſaid Valentine Henry Allott, and in which he ſtood indebted on or before the ſaid 9th Day of June, 1770, are hereby reſpectively deſired to ſend a particular Account of ſuch Debts, and how ſecured, to Mr. Jonathan Weſt, of Cawthorne, near Barneſley, Yorkſhire.

Such of the Creditors as neglect to ſend in Accounts of their Demands on or before the Firſt Day of Auguſt next, will be excluded all Benefit ſecured by a Deed of Truſt, dated the 9th Day of June, 1770.

TO be peremptorily ſold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before William Weller Pepys, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, on Wedneſday the 19th of July inſtant, between the Hours of Five and Seven of the Clock in the Afternoon, The Eſtates of Valentine Morris, Eſq; of Piercefield in the County of Monmouth, ſituate near Chepſtow in the ſaid County. Particulars whereof may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors of John Talbot, late of Laycock in the County of Wilts, Eſq; deceaſed, (except thoſe by Mortgage) are to come in and prove their Debts before William Weller Pepys, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-inn, Chancery-lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Edward Raggett, late of Ripon in the County of York, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, on Monday the 17th of July inſtant, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Unicorn Inn, being the Poſt-houſe, in Ripon, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting, or defending, any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity concerning the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to their compounding, ſubmitting